

N1020

Communication Protocol V10x A

1. SERIAL COMMUNICATION

COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

The optional serial interface RS485 allows to address up to 247 controllers in a network communicating remotely with a host computer or master controller.

RS485 Interface

- Compatible line signals with RS485 standard;
- 3 wire connection from master to up to 31 slaves indicators in a multidrop bus. It is possible address 247 nodes with multiple outputs converters;
- Maximum communication distance: 1000 meters.
- The RS485 signal are:

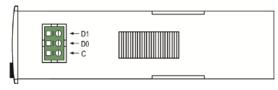
D1 = D: Bidirectional data line. $D0 = \overline{D}$: Bidirectional inverted data line.

C = GND: Optional connection which left communication better.

General Characteristics

- Optically isolated serial interface;
- Programmable baud rate: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and 115200 bps.
- Data Bits: 8
- Parity: None, Even or Odd.
- Stop Bits: 1

CONNECTIONS



Communication Protocol

The MOSBUS RTU slave is implemented, available in most SCADA softwares in the

All configurable parameters can be accessed (for reading or writing) through the Registers Table. Broadcast commands are supported as well (address 0).

The available Modbus commands are:

- 03 Read Holding Register;
- 05 Force Single Coil (Force Digital Output State);
- 06 Preset Single Register;
- 16 Preset Multiple Register.

The registers are arranged in a table in such a way that several registers can be read in the same request.

CONFIGURATION OF SERIAL COMMUNICATION PARAMETERS

Three parameters must be configured in the device for serial communication:

bRud: Baud rate. All devices with same baud rate.

Rddr: Device communication address. Each device must have an exclusive address.

Prty: Parity.

REGISTERS TABLE

Equivalent to the registers referenced as 4X.

The holding registers are basically a list of the internal indicator parameters. All registers above address 12 can be read or written. The registers up to this address in more are read only. Please verify each case. Each table parameter is a 16 bits two complement signed word.

| Holding Registers | Parameter | Register Description |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 0000 | Active SP | Read: Active control SP (main SP, from ramp and soak or from remote SP). Write: to main SP. Range: from 5PLL to 5PHL . |
| 0001 | PV | Read: Process Variable. Write: Not allowed. Range: Minimum value is the one configured in 5PLL and the maximum value is the one configured in 5PHL . Decimal point position depends on dPPa value. In case of temperature reading, the value read is always multiplied by 10, independently of dPPa value. |
| 0002 | MV | Read: Output Power in automatic or manual mode. Write: Not allowed. See address 28. Range: 0 to 1000 (0.0 to 100.0 %). |
| 0003 | Reserved | January Community |
| 0004 | Display value | Read: Current value shown on display. Write: Current value shown on display. Range: -1999 to 9999. The range depends on the displayed parameter. Read: Current prompt position in the parameters |
| 0005 | Prompt index | flowchart. Write: not allowed. Range: 0000h to 060Ch Prompt number format: XXYYh, where: XX→ menu cycle number YY→ prompt number (index). |
| 0006 | Status Word 1 | Read: Status bits. See table 2. Write: not allowed. |
| | Software | Read: The firmware version of controller. If V1.00, the |
| 0007 | Version | read value will be 100. Write: not allowed. |
| 8000 | ID | Read: controller identification number: 65 Write: not allowed. |
| 0009 | Status Word 2 | Read: Status bits. See table 2. Write: not allowed. |
| 0010 | Status Word 3 | Read: Status bits. See table 2. |
| 0011 | | Write: not allowed. Integral Rate (in repetitions/min) |
| | lr | Range: 0 to 9999 (0.00 to 99.99) Derivative Time (in seconds). |
| 0012 | dŁ | Range: 0 to 3000 (0.0 to 300.0) Proportional Band (in percentage) |
| 0013 | РЬ | Range: 0 to 5000 (0.0 to 500.0) |
| 0014 | Reserved | Cycle Time (PWM, in seconds) |
| 0015 | cŁ | Range: 5 to 1000 (0.5 to 100.0) |
| 0016 | FrE9 | Read/Write: Mains frequency. Range: 0 – 1 (60/50Hz) |
| 0017 | HYSE | On/Off Control Hysteresis (in selected type engineering unit). Range: 0 to 5PHL - 5PLL |
| 0018 | FLEr | Read/Write: PV digital filter gain. Range: 0 – 20 |
| 0019 | ouLL | Output Low Limit (minimum output power) Range: 0 to 1000 (0.0 to 100.0 %). |
| 0020 | ouHL | Output High Limit (minimum output power) |
| 0021~0022 | Reserved | Range: 0 to 1000 (0.0 to 100.0 %). |
| 0023 | Serial Number High | Write: Not allowed. First four digits of Serial Number. Range: 0 to 9999. Read only |
| 0024 | Serial Number Low | Write: No allowed. Last four digits of Serial Number. Range: 0 to 9999. Read only |
| 0025 | SP | Control Setpoint (Prompt Setpoint). Range: from SPLL to SPHL . |
| 0026 | 5PLL | Range: minimum value depends on the input type selected in ŁYPE (see Table 1) to SPHL . |
| 0020 | | |
| 0027 | SPHL | Setpoint High limit. Range: minimum value is 5PLL and maximum depends on the input type selected in LYPE (see Table 1). |
| | SPHL Reserved | Range: minimum value is 5PLL and maximum depends on the input type selected in EYPE (see |



| 0030 | dPPo | PV decimal point position Range: 0 to 3 0→X.XXX; 1→XX.XX; 2→XXX.X; 3→XXXX |
|-----------|----------|---|
| 0031 | 5PA I | Alarm 1 Setpoint. Range: Between SPLL and SPHL for non-differential alarm or at SPHL - SPLL for differential alarm. |
| 0032 | SPA2 | Alarm 2 Setpoint. Range: same as in SPR I . |
| 0033~0034 | Reserved | |
| 0035 | FuR I | Alarm 1 Function. Range: 0 to 8 0→oFF; 1→Lo; 2→H I; 3→d IF;4→d IFL; 5→d IFH; 6→LJn; 7→LEnd; 8→Err; |
| 0036 | FuA2 | Alarm 2 Function. Range: same as in FUR 1 . |
| 0037~0038 | Reserved | |
| 0039 | нуя і | Alarm 1 Hysteresis. Range: 0 to 9999 (0.00 to 99.99%) |
| 0040 | HAUS | Alarm 2 Hysteresis. Range: same as in HYR 1. |
| 0041~0042 | Reserved | |
| 0043 | FALE | PV input type Range: 0 to 9. See operation manual. |
| 0044 | Rddr | Communication slave address. Range: 1 to 247 |
| 0045 | ЬRud | Communication Baud-Rate. Range: 0 to 7 0→1200;1→2400;2→4800;3→9600; 4→19200; 5→32400; 6→57600; 7→115200. |
| 0046 | Auto | Control Mode. Range: 0→manual; 1→automatic. |
| 0047 | רטח | Enable control. Range: 0→no; 1→yes. |
| 0048 | Act | Control action. Range: 0→direct; 1→reverse. |
| 0049 | Atun | Auto tune enable. Range: 0 to 5 0→FAST; 1→FULL; 2→SELF; 3→ RSLF; 4→TGHT. |
| 0050 | blr i | Alarm 1 power-up inhibit. Range: 0→no; 1→yes. |
| 0051 | PT US | Alarm 2 power-up inhibit. Range: same as in bl. 7 !. |
| 0052~0053 | Reserved | |
| 0054 | Key | Key press remote action. Range: 0 to 9 1 \rightarrow P; 2 \rightarrow \blacksquare ; 4 \rightarrow $$; 8 \rightarrow F |
| 0055~0061 | Reserved | |
| 0062 | R IL I | Alarm 1 Time 1. Range: 0 to 6500s Refer to Table 4 for more details. |
| 0063 | A IFS | Alarm 1 Time 2 (in seconds) Range: same as in A IL I . |
| 0064 | R2L 1 | Alarm 2 Time 1 (in seconds) Range: same as in A IL I . |
| 0065 | R2F5 | Alarm 2 Time 2 (in seconds) Range: same as in A IL I . |
| 0066 | SFSŁ | Soft-Start time (in seconds) Range: 0 to 9999 |
| 0067 | un It | Temperature unit. Range: 0 to 1 0→°C; 1→°F. |
| 0068 | Reserved | |
| 0069 | tEco | Timer End Controller Off. Range: 0 to 1 0→ Disabled; 1→ Enable. |
| 0070~0080 | Reserved | |
| 0081 | FLSh | Enables the top display blinking as a function of the selected alarm. Range: 0 to 1 0→ Disabled; 1→ Enable. |
| 0082 | ONF 1 | Output 1 function. Range: 0 to 4 $0\rightarrow \mathbf{oFF}$; $1\rightarrow \mathbf{cErL}$; $2\rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ \mathbf{I} ; $3\rightarrow \mathbf{RZ}$; $4\rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ \mathbf{IRZ} . |
| 0083 | ONF5 | Output 2 function. Range: 0 to 4 0→ oFF ; 1→ cLrL ; 2→ R I; 3→ R2 ; 4→ R IR2. |
| 0084~0085 | Reserved | |
| 0086 | r5tr | Restores original default calibration. Range: 0 to 1. 0→do not restore; 1→ restore calibration |
| 0087 | Reserved | Internal use |
| 0088 | Prot | Password protection level. Range: 1 to 5. Check instruction manual for further details. |
| 0089 | PrŁY | Serial communication parity. Range: 0 to 2. 0→no parity; 1→ even; 2→ odd; |

1.5 STATUS WORDS

| Dogistor | Value Format |
|---------------|---|
| Register | |
| Status Word 1 | bit 0 - Alarm 1 (0-inactive; 1-active) |
| | bit 1 - Alarm 2 (0-inactive; 1-active) |
| | bit 2 ~ 7 - Reserved |
| | bit 8 - Hardware detection value |
| | bit 9 - Hardware detection value |
| | bit 10 ~15 - Reserved |
| Status Word 2 | bit 0 - Automatic (0- manual; 1- automatic) |
| | bit 1 - Run (0-stop; 1-run) |
| | bit 2 - Control Action 1 (0-direct; 1 reverse) |
| | bit 3 - Reserved |
| | bit 4 - Auto-tune (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 5 - Alarm 1 power-up inhibit 1 (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 6 - Alarm 1 power-up inhibit 2 (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 7 - 8 - Reserved |
| | bit 9 - Unit (0-°C; 1-°F) |
| | bit 10 - Reserved |
| | bit 11 - Output 1 status |
| | bit 12 - Output 2 status |
| | bit 13 - 14 - 15 - Reserved |
| Status Word 3 | bit 0 - Very low PV conversion (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 1 - Negative conversion after calibration (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 2 - Very high PV conversion (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 3 - Exceeded linearization limit (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 4 - Very high Pt100 cable resistance (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 5 - Self zero conversion out of range (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 6 - Self span conversion out of range (0-no; 1-yes) |
| | bit 7 ~ 15 - Reserved |

Table 2 - Value of Status Words

Writing to an output bit is only possible if the output has no function assigned to it (the output is configured to OFF in Alarm Cycle).

| Coil Status | Output description |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| 0 | Output 1 Status 1 (I/O1) |
| 1 | Output 1 Status 2 (I/O2) |
| 2 | Output 1 Status 3 (I/O3) |
| 3 | Output 1 Status 4 (I/O4) |
| 4 | Output 1 Status 5 (I/O5) |

1.6 EXCEPTION RESPONSES – ERROR CONDITIONS

The MODBUS RTU protocol checks the CRC in the data blocks received. Reception errors are detected by the CRC, causing the controller to discard the packet, not sending any reply to the master. After receiving an error-free packet, the controller processes the packet and verifies whether the request is valid or not, sending back an exception error code in case of an invalid request. Response frames containing error codes have the most significant bit of the Modbus command set.

If a WRITE command sends an out-of-range value to a parameter, the controller will clamp the value to the parameter range limits, replying with a value that reflects these limits (maximum or minimum value allowed for the parameter).

The controller ignores broadcast READ commands; the controller processes only broadcast WRITE commands.

| Error Code | Error Description |
|------------|---|
| 01 | Invalid Command or inexistent |
| 02 | Invalid Register Number or out of range |
| 03 | Invalid Register Quantity or out of range |

 $\textbf{Table 3}-\mathsf{Exception}\ \mathsf{response}\ \mathsf{error}\ \mathsf{codes}$

